



Leveraging the Cloud for your GIS

VCGI Webinar

December 4, 2012

GCS Research: Introduction

Alex Philp, Ph. D.

President, GCS Research

Missoula, Montana

406.532.3254 - aphilp@gcs-research.com

John Waterman, PMP, GISP

Vice President of Geospatial Solutions, GCS Research

East Burke, Vermont

802.473.4009 - jwaterman@gcs-research.com

- Our focus:
 - GIS Solutions
 - Research & Development
 - Strategic Consulting
- Our customers: local, state, tribal, federal government, and private sector.



Microsoft Partner

Gold Independent Software Vendor (ISV)



esri Partner Network
Gold



What are people looking for in the cloud?

- **Cost Savings**
 - Use vs. license model
- New Agile Features
- Optimization for Higher Quality

Cloud Computing Definition

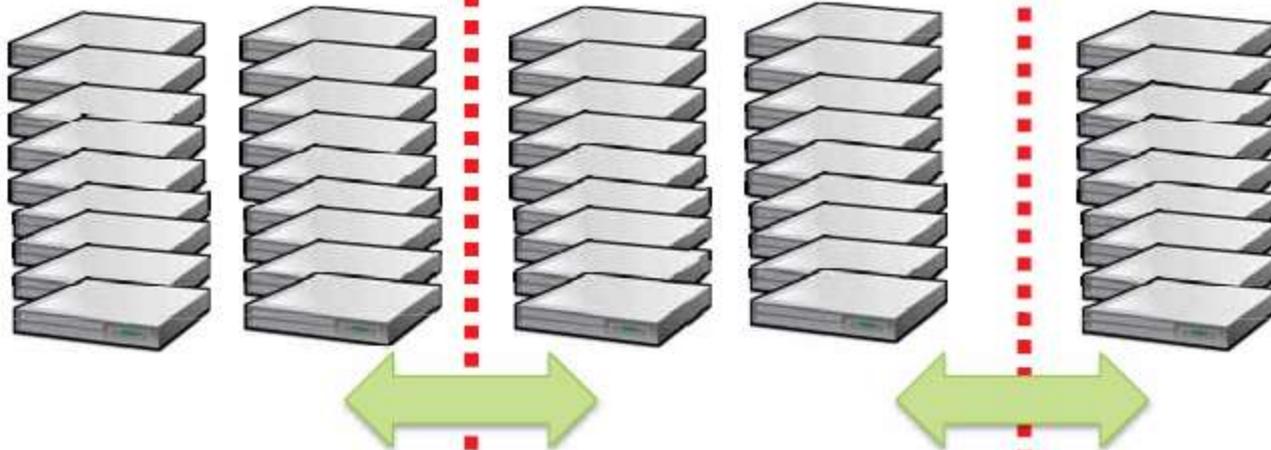
- Cloud computing is a model for enabling ubiquitous, convenient, on-demand network access to a shared pool of configurable computing resources (e.g., networks, servers, storage, applications, and services) that can be rapidly provisioned and released with minimal management effort or service provider interaction.
 - The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

Essential Characteristics

- On-demand self-service
 - Provision computing capabilities without human interaction
- Broad network access
- Resource pooling
 - Between Servers and Geographically
- Rapid elasticity
 - Capabilities dynamically provisioned/released to scale up/down
- Measured service
 - Usage metering
 - Reported to providers/consumers

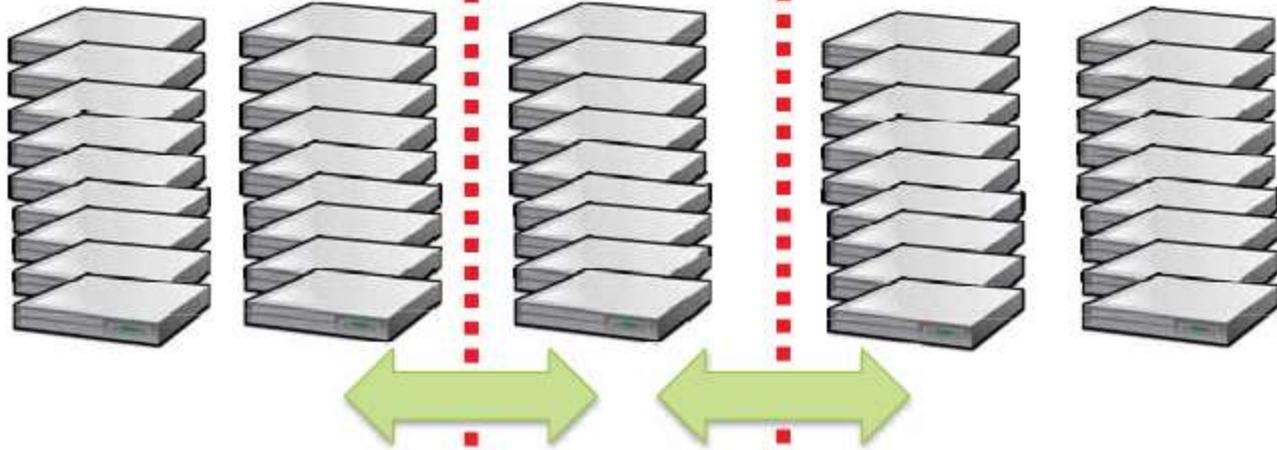
Cloud Resource Pooling: Dynamic Resource Allocation

Organizational Resources



Cloud Resource Pooling: Dynamic Resource Allocation

Organizational Resources



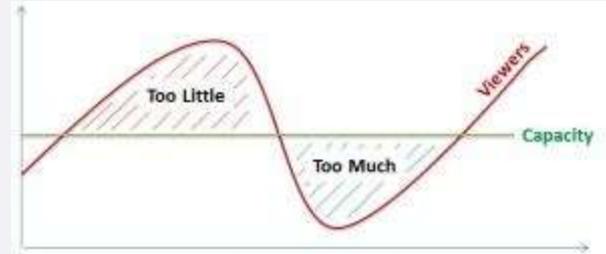
Resource Pooling: Geographical

- Fail over to cloud zones
- Mission Critical Operations
 - **Deploy into several cloud providers for ultimate protection**
- Only pay for what you use



Cloud Rapid Elasticity

- Auto Scaling Service
- How it works?
 - Configure through administrator app
 - Set metric alarm and scaling policy
 - Set min and max number of instances
- i.e. on instance failure, automatically launch new instance to replace failed instance.



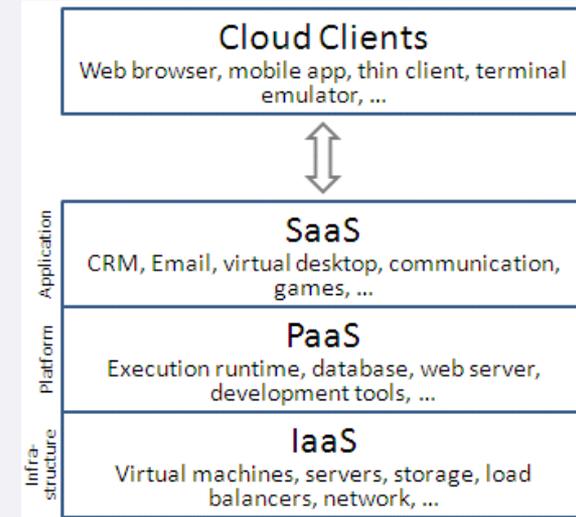
Cloud on-demand self-service

- Administrative consoles; no need to interact with other humans.



Three Core Cloud Service Models

- Software as a Service (SaaS)
 - ArcGIS Online
 - Consumer does not control cloud infrastructure
- Platform as a Service (PaaS)
 - Deploy apps into the cloud
 - ArcGIS Web mapping APIs, i.e. JavaScript, Flex, and Silverlight
 - ArcGIS Online Web Services
- Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS)
 - Full provisioning capabilities: processing, storage, networks, etc.
 - ArcGIS in Amazon EC2



Montana Site Selector - IaaS

Montana Site Selector is a powerful GIS-enabled tool developed specifically for businesses looking to open, expand or relocate in Montana.

Hosted in the Microsoft Azure Cloud



Many other service models

- **Cloud Service Models** simply mean what type of services can be provided to customers
- Storage as a Service (STaaS), Security as a Service (SECaaS), Data as a Service (DaaS), GISaaS (GISaaS)
- Modeling as a Service (MaaS)
 - IDEAS by The SI Organization



Modeling as a Service (MaaS)

I.D.E.A.S.™ - Intelligent Data Exploration and Analytics System

Finding the Right Geospatial Data and Models

I.D.E.A.S. is a concept that will simplify the discovery, processing and analysis of earth observation data and models. By providing a single interface into federated, disparate data repositories, I.D.E.A.S. will allow users on-demand access to a vast array of satellite and aerial imagery and maps to create value-added visualization products, to utilize data for modeling, and to generate decision-support tools.

Visualization and Analysis Power

I.D.E.A.S. will integrate a web storefront, smart engine and high performance computing backbone to rapidly deploy data, models and analytic capabilities. The web storefront will be a one-stop shopping experience to query, discover, access and execute data and models. The smart engine will leverage innovative methods, such as learned workflows based on a user's problem and solution, to provide near real-time Modeling as a Service (MaaS) functionality for product generation, model calibration, user feedback, and collaboration. The high-performance cloud computing backbone will provide the processing power to generate analytic and visualization products.

Tailored Services for a Variety of Users

I.D.E.A.S. will benefit a wide spectrum of users who want to use image, geospatial, weather, and other remotely sensed data from public sources like NASA and commercial sources for applied science and commercial applications that benefit society. Users will have the ability to upload models, discover other users' models, and download newly-developed products, and solutions. Additionally, I.D.E.A.S. will provide the means for users to develop, exploit, and utilize products and collaborate on solutions in a community of users with similar domain interests.

an Analytic Services and Delivery Platform available to a variety of users

I.D.E.A.S. makes Remote Sensing and Geospatial Information Systems data

readily discoverable, accessible, visualized and useable

From NASA Data to End-User:



How I.D.E.A.S. is used:



I.D.E.A.S. is being developed and implemented by the SI through corporate partnerships and licensed technologies

The SI Organization, Inc. is a leading provider of full life cycle, mission-focused systems engineering and integration services to the U.S. Intelligence Community, Department of Defense and other agencies. Its scalable systems engineering platform for modeling, simulation and analysis helps customers baseline requirements, optimize resources and manage risk. This systems engineering platform is now available for the commercial sector in cost-effective, modularized components. The company has 40 years of experience successfully delivering complex, system-of-systems technology solutions. The SI employs approximately 2,000 people, with major locations in Chantilly, VA; Laurel, MD; and Valley Forge, PA.

for more information, contact: charles.samuels@thesiorg.com or shawana@globalinsights.com

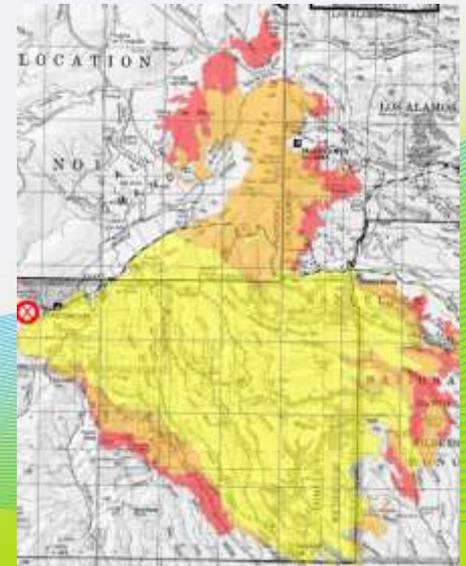
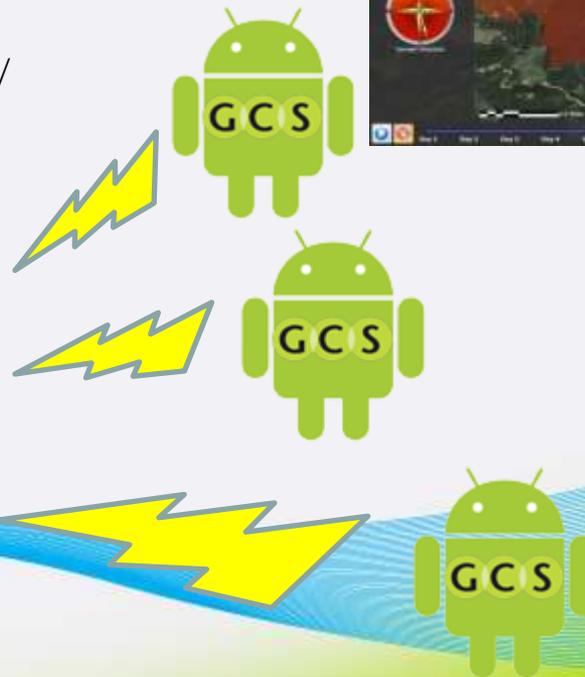
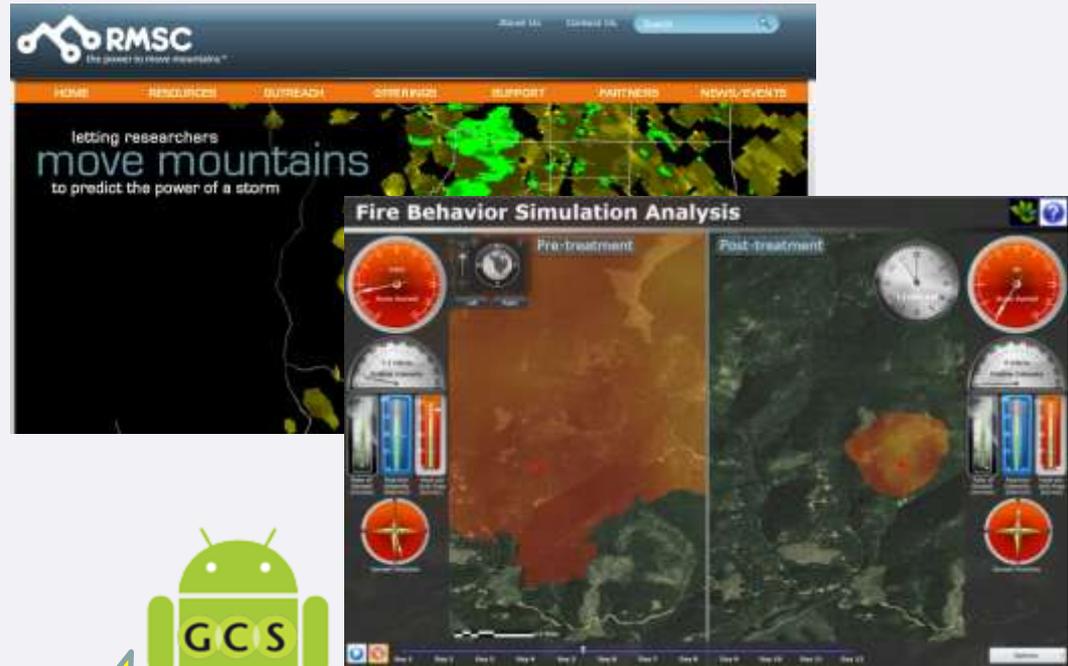
Copyright 2012, The SI Organization, Inc.



Cloud and Supercomputing

- Rapidly deliver geoprocessing and complex analysis results
- Predict fire direction/perimeter
- Real-time coordination

<http://globe.gcs-holdings.net/landview/>



Cloud Pricing?

Model: Only pay for what you use

- **Use vs. license model**
- Amazon EC2 Public cloud
- <http://aws.amazon.com/ec2/pricing/>
- Amazon EC2 Gov Cloud
- <http://aws.amazon.com/govcloud-us/#pricing>

Security in the Cloud



- Traditional vs. Cloud Model
- Traditional security does not work with location based devices
- Pressure to accommodate mobile devices
- Security and privacy: top concerns moving to cloud
 - Data storage and transfer protection
 - Personnel
 - Physical threats
 - Vulnerability management and remediation
- Many of these concerns are mitigated in the cloud

Security on the Cloud



- Cloud Advantages

- Disinterested third party's managing data; no local knowledge
- Pervasive automation; fewer humans; less mistakes
- Compliance certifications; security audits; less work for your organization; You are compliant “by inclusion”
- No need to learn/maintain/purchase security technologies

- Pay Attention

- You are still responsible for App security and Data security
- GIS often require larger data transfers

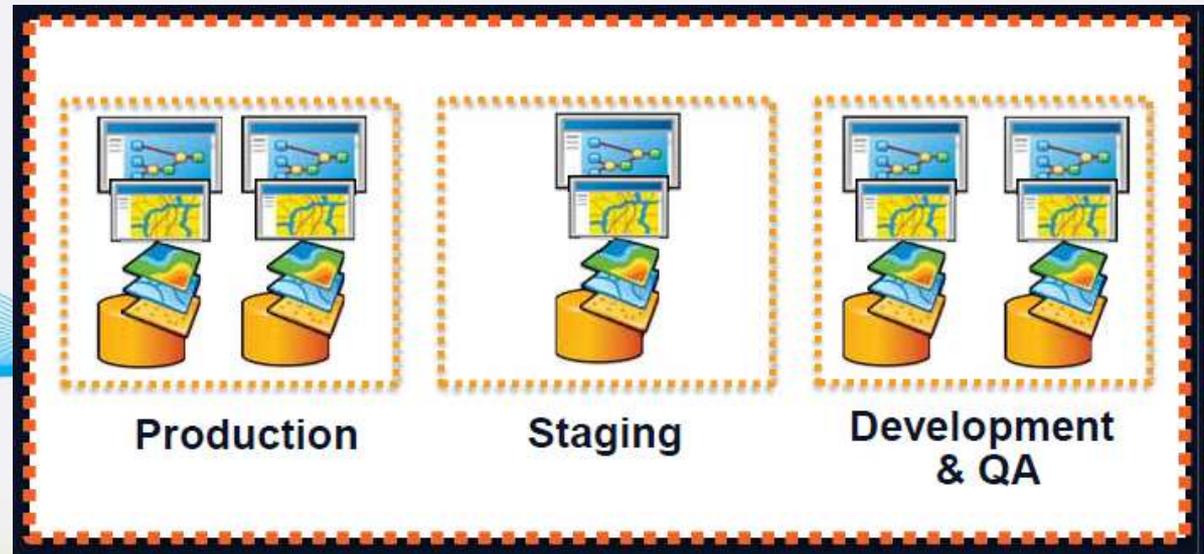
Security in the Cloud

- Tremendous growth in Private Cloud offerings being driven by the Federal Government.
- The Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP)
 - standardized approach to security assessment, authorization, and continuous monitoring for cloud products and services.
- Compliance standards
- Security standards (ISO 27001)
- Federal certifications



Virtualization in the Cloud

- Quick Back-up and Recovery
- Environments for: testing, development, experimenting, etc.
- Data Visualizations and Management
- Migration efforts
- How does this change your GIS workflow?



Cloud Storage

- Storage in the cloud is **infinite**
- How does this change your GIS workflow?



Common GIS Cloud Deployment

- On premise system for daily use and editing
 - i.e. Enterprise Geodatabase
- Cloud is used for publishing
 - i.e. ArcGIS Online or Amazon EC2
- Overnight replication over HTTPS or secure ftp



Cloud for Redundancy: Save Money

- Outsource all failover to the cloud
- Only pay for what you use
 - (which could be never)
- Never pay for infrastructure and resources which is rarely, if ever, used.

Cloud Information Officer: new job role

- Requires new skills
- Customized specialized builds
- Automated deployments
- Orchestration tools
- Provides Optimizations
 - Scale
 - Capacity
 - Distribution
 - Geolocation
- You must determine how much you need?
- Sysadmins become developers
- Infrastructure as code -> provisioning servers with scripting.



Amazon Web Services

- Pioneers with IaaS
- Created an IT consumer market; made it easy
 - Pay as you use model
 - Get started in 5 minutes using a credit card
- Only Esri Certified Public Cloud

Amazon Machine Images (AMIs)

- A virtual image that works in the Amazon Cloud
 - Provides OS + ArcGIS Server + Data
 - Esri provided AMIs 10.0 and 10.1

<p>ArcGIS Server 10 AMI</p> 	<p>Windows 2008 64 bit ArcGIS Server GIS Services Microsoft SQL Server Express (ArcSDE enabled) ArcGIS Desktop 100Gb of storage (optional)</p>
<p>Enterprise Geodatabase AMI</p> 	<p>Windows 2008 64 bit PostgreSQL 8.3.0 (ArcSDE enabled) 100Gb of storage (optional)</p>

Amazon Machine Images (AMIs)

ArcGIS Server 10.1 AMI



Windows 2008 R2 64 bit
ArcGIS Server GIS Services
Microsoft SQL Server Express or Microsoft SQL Server Standard - ArcSDE enabled (Optional)
ArcGIS Desktop
100Gb of storage (optional)

Enterprise Geodatabase AMI (Created Automatically)



Windows 2008 R2 64 bit
Microsoft SQL Server Standard (ArcSDE enabled)
100Gb of storage (optional)

ArcGIS Server 10.1 AMI



Ubuntu 64 bit
ArcGIS Server GIS Services
ArcGIS Desktop
100Gb of storage (optional)
Postgres SQL - ArcSDE enabled (Optional)

Enterprise Geodatabase AMI



Ubuntu 64 bit
PostgreSQL (ArcSDE enabled)
100Gb of storage (optional)

Amazon: Custom ArcGIS Server AMI



ArcGIS Amazon Resources

- ArcGIS Online Help

<http://resources.arcgis.com/en/help/main/10.1/00rq/00rq00000002000000.htm>

ArcGIS Resources ArcGIS Or

Home Communities Help Blog Forums Videos

ArcGIS Help 10.1

Resource Center

- What's New
- Desktop
- Geodata
- Services
 - Introduction
 - ArcGIS for Server (Windows)
 - ArcGIS for Server (Linux)
 - ArcGIS Server on Amazon Web Services
 - What is ArcGIS Server on Amazon
 - Quick start guide
 - Introduction to Amazon Web Serv
 - Migrating to ArcGIS Server 10.1 o
 - ArcGIS Server architectures on A
 - Using Cloud Builder to create an
 - Getting your services and data or
 - Geodatabases on Amazon Web
 - Deploying web applications on A

What is ArcGIS Server on Amazon Web Services?

Services

Note: For help with versions earlier than the most recent service pack, click [here](#).

ArcGIS Server on Amazon Web Services allows you to deploy ArcGIS Server on the Amazon Elasti

Advantages of deploying your server on Amazon EC2 include the following:

- **No installation required**—You don't have to install ArcGIS Server yourself. Instead, you use
- **Scalable on demand**—You can configure your site so that additional GIS servers are added
- **No hardware infrastructure to maintain**—Deploying ArcGIS Server on Amazon Web Services

Deploying your server in a cloud environment allows you to use as many or as few computing

About this help

Other Clouds

- VCE
- VMWare
- IBM
- Microsoft
- Terremark

IBM SmartCloud Enterprise

Overview Control panel Account Support

Instances Images Storage Service Instances View asset catalog →

My instances

Filter: Add Instance

Current filters: None You are currently using 3 of 100 available instances

Instance name	IP Address	Created on	Running	Total Price/un	Data center	Owner	Status
Esri Test 1	170.225.96.89	April 24, 2012	2 Hours	\$0.34 / UHR	Boulder1, U.S.A	scloud.2@us.ibm.c	Active
Esri Test 2	170.225.100.210	April 24, 2012	2 Hours	\$0.34 / UHR	Boulder1, U.S.A	scloud.2@us.ibm.c	Active
Esri Test 3	170.225.97.13	April 24, 2012	2 Hours	\$0.34 / UHR	Boulder1, U.S.A	scloud.2@us.ibm.c	Active

Esri Test 1 [Change name] Expires: 4/24/14 730 Days [Extend]

Reboot Instance Delete Instance Create private Image

<http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/cloud/library/cl-geospatialanalytics/>

Getting to the Cloud: Questions

- How to scope, forecast costs, and size systems based on projected usage/performance requirements?
 - Define operational requirements:
 - # of concurrent Users/Storage/Bandwidth
 - Length of time system expected to be online
 - Support desired (24/7; 9 to 5)
 - Requirements for MTBF and MTTR?
 - Mean time between failures (MTBF)
 - Mean time to repair (MTTR)
 - Data and Application requirements
- Recommendation: deploy a pilot project

Questions?

Alex Philp, Ph. D.

President, GCS Research

Missoula, Montana

406.532.3254 - aphilp@gcs-research.com

John Waterman, PMP, GISP

Vice President of Geospatial Solutions, GCS Research

East Burke, Vermont

802.473.4009 - jwaterman@gcs-research.com



www.gcs-research.com